

## HOMEWORK 10

1. Let  $\mathbb{R}^*$  be the group of nonzero real numbers under multiplication, and let  $r$  be a positive integer. Show that the mapping that takes  $x$  to  $x^r$  is a homomorphism from  $\mathbb{R}^*$  to  $\mathbb{R}^*$  and determine the kernel. Which values of  $r$  yield an isomorphism.
2. Suppose that  $\phi : \mathbb{Z}_{50} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_{15}$  is a group homomorphism with  $\phi(7) = 6$ .
  - (a) Determine  $\phi(x)$ .
  - (b) Determine the image of  $\phi$ .
  - (c) Determine the kernel of  $\phi$ .
  - (d) Determine  $\phi^{-1}(3)$ .
3. Explain why the correspondence  $x \mapsto 3x$  from  $\mathbb{Z}_{12}$  to  $\mathbb{Z}_{10}$  is not a homomorphism.
4. Prove that there is no homomorphism from  $\mathbb{Z}_{16} \oplus \mathbb{Z}_2$  to  $\mathbb{Z}_4 \oplus \mathbb{Z}_4$ .
5. Suppose that  $G$  is a group, and suppose that for every prime  $p$  there is a homomorphism  $\phi_p$  so that the image of  $G$  under  $\phi_p$  is  $\mathbb{Z}_p$ . What can you say about  $G$ ? Give an example of a group that satisfies this property.